

PastSimpleTense / Прошедшее простое время

К глаголам в PastSimple добавляется окончание -ed, если глагол неправильный, используется 2-я форма (2-й столбик неправильных глаголов).

Вопросительные и отрицательные формы образуются при помощи вспомогательного глагола did и didn't и смыслового глагола в инфинитиве без to (т.е. без окончания -ed):

I/He/She/It/We/You/They	lived	-	inLondon.
	bought	a car	

We watched TV last night.

She wrote a letter to her friend. (write - wrote

неправильный глагол)

I liked the film we saw yesterday.

Did	I/He/She/It/We/You/They	live	-	inLondon ?	Yes, I did./No, we didn't.
		buy	a car		

Did you see the football match? - No, I

didn't. Did we win? (глаголы see и win стоят в инфинитиве!)

Did you like this book? Yes, I liked it very much.

I/He/She/It/We/You/They	didn't	live	-	inLondon.
		buy	a car	

I didn't visit you because I didn't have time.
(глаголы visit и have стоят в

инфинитиве!)

They didn't call us.

Употребление:

PastSimple употребляется для описания действия, которое произошло или происходило в прошлом. А также для постоянных, привычных или повторяющихся действий в прошлом, которые больше не происходят; и для описания последовательных действий.

Подсказка:

PastSimple почти всегда употребляется в предложениях, в которых есть обстоятельства времени (yesterday, last week, at five o'clock, an hour ago, on Monday, in 2008), которые точно указывают, когда произошло это действие.

I didn't go to work yesterday. - Я не пошел вчера на работу.

The party finished at 2 o'clock in the morning. - Вечеринка закончилась в 2 часа ночи.

I came home, had supper, watched TV and went to bed. - Я пришел домой, поужинал, посмотрел телевизор и лег спать. (последовательные действия)

When we were children we went to the Black Sea every summer. - Когда мы были детьми, мы ездили к Черному морю каждое лето. (привычное, повторяющееся действие в прошлом)

Past Simple.Past Indefinite.Прошедшее простое время.

Past Simple Tense

(Прошедшее простое время)

1. Употребляется для выражения:

Действий, произошедших в прошлом в определённое указанное время, то есть нам известно, когда это действие произошло.

e.g. They finished school 4 years ago.

повторяющихся в прошлом действий, которые более не происходят.

В этом случае могут использоваться наречия частоты.

e.g. He often played football with his Dad when he was five.

Действий, следовавших непосредственно одно за другим в прошлом.

e.g. They cooked the meal first. Then they ate with their friends.

Когда речь идёт о людях, которых уже нет в живых.

e.g. Princess Diana visited a lot of schools.

Образование (правильные глаголы).

2. Утверждение:

_____ Ved.

I/You/We/They/He/She/It worked.

3.Общийвопрос:

Did _____ V1.... ?

Did I/you/we/they/he/she/it work ?

4.Отрицание:

_____ didn't V1.

I/You/We/They/He/She/It didn't work.

Образование (неправильные глаголы).

2.Утверждение:

_____ V2.

I/You/We/They/He/She/It ran.

3.Общийвопрос:

Did _____ V1.... ?

Did I/you/we/they/he/she/it run?

4.Отрицание:

_____ didn't V1.

I/You/We/They/He/She/It didn't run.

**5.Маркеры (как правило, употребляются перед смысловым глаг.,
но после глаг. "to be", вспомогательных, модальных глаголов).**

Yesterday - вчера

Last night – вчеравечером

Last week/month/year/Monday

Two days/weeks/month ago

In 1992

Примечания!

Правописание

К глаголам, оканчивающимся на "-e", прибавляется только "-d".

e.g. dance-danced

В глаголах, оканчивающихся на согласный + "y",

опускается "у" и прибавляется "-ied".

e.g. I study – he studied

**К глаголам, оканчивающихся на гласный + "у",
прибавляется окончание "-ed".**

e.g. I play – he played

**В глаголах, оканчивающихся на ударный слог с кратким гласным
между двумя согласными, конечная согласная буква удваивается и прибавляется "-ed".**

e.g. plan – planned

**В глаголах, оканчивающихся на -l, эта буква удваивается и
прибавляется -ed.**

e.g. travel – travelled

Past simple упражнения.

Упражнение 1. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.

On Monday we have five lessons. The first lesson is English. At this lesson we write a dictation and do some exercises. Nick goes to the blackboard.

He answers well and gets a "five". Pete does not get a "five" because he does not know his lesson. After the second lesson I go to the canteen. I eat a sandwich and drink a cup of tea. I do not drink milk. After school I do not go home at once. I go to the library and take a book. Then I go home.

Упражнение 2. Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени (что рассказала мама).

On Tuesday I get up at half past six. I go to the bathroom and wash my hands and face and clean my teeth. Then I dress, go to the kitchen and cook breakfast for my family. At half past seven my son gets up and has breakfast. I have breakfast with my son. My son eats a sandwich and drinks a cup of tea. I don't drink tea. I drink coffee. After Breakfast my son leaves home for school. I don't leave home with my son. On Tuesday I don't work in the morning. I work in the afternoon. In the evening I am at home. My husband and my son are at home, too. We rest in the evening. My son watches TV, my husband reads newspapers and I do some work about the house. At about eleven o'clock we go to bed.

Упражнение 3. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present или Past Simple.

1. I (to go) to the gym at seven o'clock every day.
2. I (to go) to the gym at seven o'clock yesterday.
3. John (to clean) his teeth every morning at 7.30 o'clock.
4. Yesterday John (to clean) his teeth at a half past seven in the morning.
5. Jane (not to do) English exercises every day.
6. Jane (not to do) English exercises yesterday.
7. His brother (to drink) coffee with milk every day.
8. His brother (to drink) coffee with milk yesterday.
9. Her husband (to like) his job. He (to go) to his office by bus. He (to go) to the office at 9 am every day.
10. Her husband usually (to go) to his office by bus. He (to come) to the office at 9.30 am yesterday.

Упражнение 4. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present или Past Simple.

1. I (to study) English every day.
2. You (to come) to my place yesterday?
3. He (to live) in Dubai.
4. How long it (to take) you to get to the City Mall?
5. What you (to study) every Friday?
6. We (to have) dinner with my family yesterday.
7. His computer (to be) ready yesterday.

8. My friend (to like) running in the park every morning.
9. Their family (to invite) everybody to the party last week.
10. Jesse always (to come) to work early.

Упражнение № 5. **Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Past Simple. Задайте общий вопрос. Ответьте "Да. Нет."**

- 1 That boy (break) my window.
- 2 I (drive) to work every day last year.
- 3 Laura (hit) that boy.
- 4 James (keep) the book about films.
- 5 We (meet) them at the same place every week.
- 6 You (put) that there.
- 7 We (sit) at the same desks.
- 8 An American (win) Wimbledon last year.

Упражнение № 6. **Перепишите следующий текст в прошедшем времени.**

On Monday we have five lessons. The first lesson is Russian. At this lesson we write a dictation and do some exercises. Nick goes to the blackboard. He answers well and gets a "five". Pete does not get a "five" because he does not know his lesson. After the second lesson I go to the canteen. I eat a sandwich and drink a cup of tea. I do not drink milk. After school I do not go home at once. I go to the library and take a book. Then I go home.

Упражнение № 7

Раскройте скобки употребляя глаголы в Past Simple

1. Yesterday he (to wash) his face at a quarter past seven.
2. I (to work) at school 3 years ago
3. We (to study) at university in 1998.
4. My mother (not to like) milk in her childhood.
5. Our children (to play) football last year
6. You (to like) your school?



7. You (to work) at the hospital last week? 
8. We (not to rest) yesterday 
9. My friend (to live) in America 2 years ago. 
10. You (to live) in this house last year? 
11. Where you (to study)? 
12. Your mother (to cook) supper yesterday? 
13. I (not to cook) my breakfast. 
14. You (to prepare) your homework? 
15. I (to help) my Granny at the garden. 

Упражнение №8

Откройте скобки, используя глаголы в утвердительной, отрицательной и вопросительных формах прошедшего времени:

- 1 That boy (break) my window.
- 2 I (drive) to work every day last year.
- 3 Laura (hit) that boy.
- 4 James (keep) the book about films.
- 5 We (meet) them at the same place every week.
- 6 You (put) that there.
- 7 We (sit) at the same desks.
- 8 An American (win) Wimbledon last year.

Ответы к упражнению:

1 That boy broke my window.

That boy didn't break my window.

Did that boy break your window?

2 I drove to work every day last year.

I didn't drive to work every day last year.

Did you drive to work every day last year?

3 Laura hit that boy.

Laura didn't hit that boy.

Did Laura hit that boy?

4 James kept the book about films.

James didn't keep the book about films.

Did James keep the book about films?

5 We met them at the same place every week.

We didn't meet them at the same place every week.

Did we meet them at the same place every week?

6 You put that there.

You didn't put that there.

Did you put that there?

7 We sat at the same desks.

We didn't sit at the same desks.

Did we sit at the same desks?

8 An American won Wimbledon last year.

An American didn't win Wimbledon last year.

Did an American win Wimbledon last year?

. Give the second form of the verbs.

to meet- to play- to open-

to go- to say- to read-

to be- to write- to see-

to take- to like- to give-

to live- to count- to look-

to get- to bring- to tell-

2. Give the first form of the verbs.

took- did- loved-

were- wrote- said-

lived- skied- looked-

answered- had- came-

gave- was- saw-

danced- skated- wanted-

3. Write the forms of the verbs.

take

do

were

came

have

make

began

get

lost

play

bought

meet

read

told

say

went

4. Say where you and your family were. Use the table.

Yesterday			at home
Yesterday afternoon	I		at school
Last year	my mother	was	at the library
Three days ago	we	were	at the cinema
A week ago	my sister (brother)		at work
Last Sunday	my father		at the theatre
			at the club

5. Answer the questions.

- a) 1. Where were you at 7 p.m. yesterday?
2. Where were you in summer?
3. Was your father at home in the afternoon yesterday?
4. Where was your mother yesterday?
5. Were you at home at this time yesterday?
6. Where were you born?
- b) 1. Did your parents learn English when they were schoolchildren?
2. When did you begin to learn English?
3. What did you do on Sunday?
4. When did you do your homework yesterday?
5. Where did you spend your last summer holidays?
6. What was the weather like last summer?
7. When did your parents get married?
6. Translate words in brackets into English.
1. (Неделю назад) we wrote a dictation in English.
2. (Недавно) the children went to the cinema.
3. The boys played football in the yard (вчера).
4. (Прошлого воскресенья) went to the village to see our grandmother.
5. (Давно) my grandparents lived in the town of Minsk.
7. Put the verbs in brackets into the Past Simple Tense.

1. He (to come) to school after the first lesson yesterday.
2. The weather (to be) cold last week.
3. When I (to be) a little girl I (to spend) summer in the village.
4. Why did you (to return) so late home yesterday?
5. I (to get) two good marks in English two days ago.
6. The children did not (to study) English two days ago.
7. Where (to be) you at three o'clock p.m. yesterday? I (to be) at home.
8. Make questions to the sentences.

1. Mike went to England a month ago.

a) Who? b) Where? c) When?

2. The boys played games out of doors last Sunday.

a) Who? b) Where? c) When? D) What?

3. The children stayed at the seaside for two weeks a year ago.

a) Who? b) Where? c) When? D) How long?

9. Write a letter to your friend about your last visit to the Zoo\ cinema. Write about these things:

1. when you went there;
2. who you went with;
3. what you saw;
4. how long you were there.

10. Make the questions to the answers.

a) A:

B: I went to the library yesterday.

A:

B: I too the book "Two Captains" by Kaverin.

b) A:

B: We played on the yard last Sunday.

A:

B: The weather was nice.

A:

B: We played hockey and snowballs.

11. Listen, repeat, read and act.

- Did you like your summer holidays?

- Yes, I did.

- Where did you go?

- We went to the seaside.

- What was the weather like?

- It was sunny and warm.

- What did you do at the seaside?

- We bathed in the sea.

12. Say it in English.

1. A: Ты ходила вчера в кино?

B: Нет, не ходила. Вчера я ходила в театр.

A: Твоя сестра ходила с тобой?

B: Да, она тоже ходила.

2. Ты навестила свою бабушку в прошлое воскресенье? Ты не навестила свою бабушку в прошлое воскресенье? Моя сестра навестила нашу бабушку в прошлое воскресенье.

Я не навестила бабушку в прошлое воскресенье.

3. Мы были в театре неделю назад. Вы были в театре неделю назад? Я не был в театре неделю назад. Он был в театре неделю назад. Разве они не были в театре неделю назад?

Они были в театре неделю назад.

13. Listen, repeat and remember. Find the meaning of the underlined words.

Willy

Willy broke the windowpane,

Willy spilled the ink,

Willy left the water pipe

Running in the sink!

Did his mother punish him?

No! I'll tell you why.

Willy, he owned up to it,-откровеннопризнался

And didn't tell a lie!

Willy told his mother

Before she found it out.

He said: "I am so sorry!"

She said: "I have no doubt!" – несомневаюсь

14. Answer the questions.

1. Как образуется утвердительная форма правильных глаголов в PastSimple?
2. Когда мы читаем окончание правильных глаголов t, d, id?
3. Что происходит с конечной буквой "e" перед окончанием "ed"?
4. При помощи какого вспомогательного глагола образуются вопросительная и отрицательная формы глаголов в PastSimple?
5. Для обозначения каких действий употребляется PastSimple?
6. С какими словами обычно употребляется PastSimple?